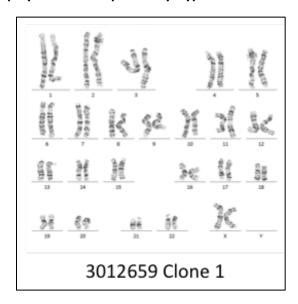
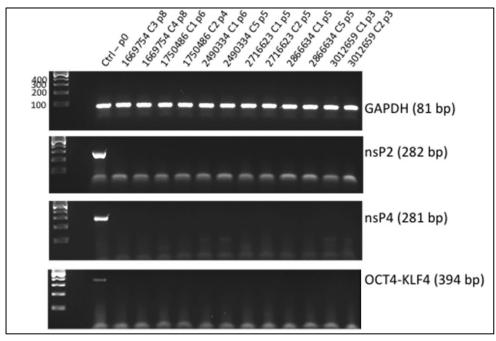
Healthy control 1 – Cell Line ID: 278 (Patient ID: 3012659-MDPD1, age of sampling 68)

This cell line was obtained from Max Planck Institute for molecular Biomedicine, non-integrative reprogramming of human skin fibroblasts into iPSCs was done as previously described (Yoshioka et al. 2013) using VEE-OKSiG self-replicating RNA vectors, where Sox2 was replaced with an enhanced chimeric Sox factor (Velychko et al., manuscript in preparation).

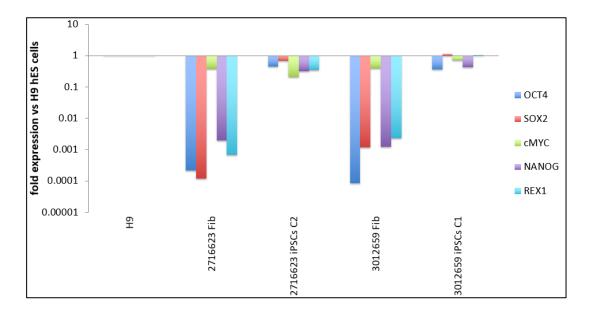
1) iPSC clone 3012659-C1 displays a normal diploid karyotype:



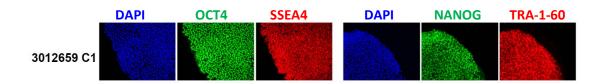
2) iPSC clones are free of transgenes: Total RNA was prepared from fibroblasts after transfection (Ctrl) and from iPSCs after three to eight passages and PCRs were conducted for the non-structural proteins nsP2 and nsP4 as well as for the OCT4-T2A-KLF4 region of the replicon and for GAPDH as loading control in order to check for persistent VEE RNA replicon.



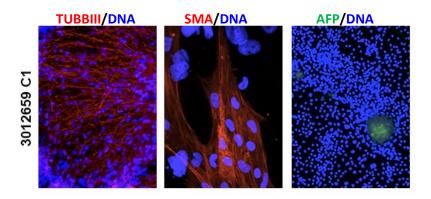
3) Expression of pluripotency markers via qPCR: The expression of indicated pluripotent marker genes as measured by qRT-PCR. The results are normalized to H9 hES cells.



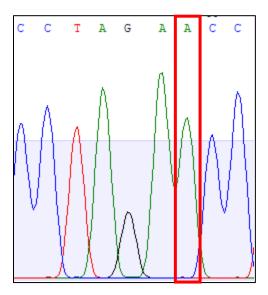
4) Expression of pluripotency markers via Immunocytochemistry: Immunofluorescence staining showed high expression of six pluripotency markers: Oct4 (green), SSEA-4 (red), Nanog (green) and TRA-1-60 (red). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue).



5) Pluripotent differentiation potential was confirmed by immunocytochemical staining of EB-mediated differentiation of iPSC into cells of all three germ layers: TUBBIII (red) was used as marker for ectoderm, SMA (red) as marker for mesoderm and AFP (green) as marker for endoderm.



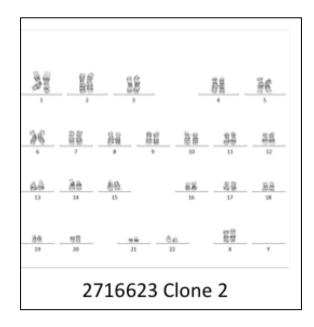
6) Absence of the N370S mutation in the GBA gene: Screening was done by extracting genomic DNA from blood samples using the GenElute™ Blood Genomic DNA Kit (Sigma, NA2020-1KT), PCR reactions were carried out using GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Master Mix (M7423, Promega). Primer sequences were F: TGTGTGCAAGGTCCAGGATCAG, R: ACCACCTAGAGGGGAAAGTG, which do not amplify the GBA pseudogene. Sample was sent for sequencing to Microsynth Seqlab.



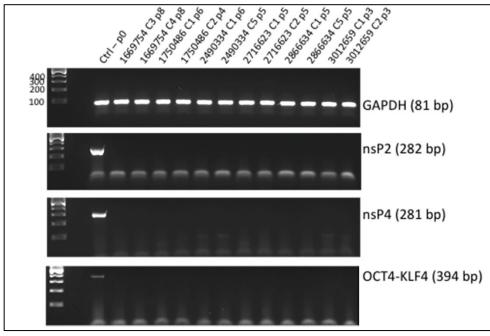
Healthy control 2 – Cell Line ID: 277 (Patient ID: 2716623-MDPD1, age of sampling 65)

This cell line was obtained from Max Planck Institute for molecular Biomedicine, non-integrative reprogramming of human skin fibroblasts into iPSCs was done as previously described (Yoshioka et al. 2013) using VEE-OKSiG self-replicating RNA vectors, where Sox2 was replaced with an enhanced chimeric Sox factor (Velychko et al., manuscript in preparation).

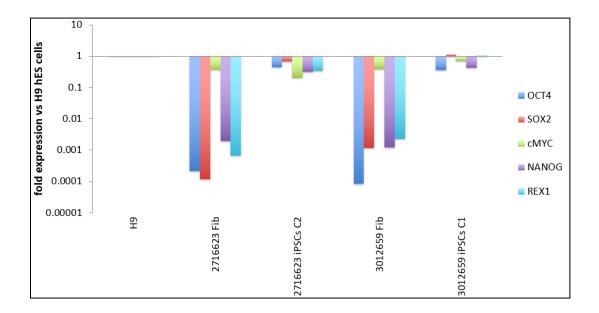
1) iPSC clone 2716623-C2 displays a normal diploid karyotype:



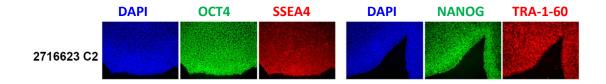
2) iPSC clones are free of transgenes: Total RNA was prepared from fibroblasts after transfection (Ctrl) and from iPSCs after three to eight passages and PCRs were conducted for the non-structural proteins nsP2 and nsP4 as well as for the OCT4-T2A-KLF4 region of the replicon and for GAPDH as loading control in order to check for persistent VEE RNA replicon.



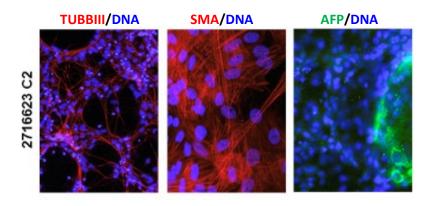
3) Expression of pluripotency markers via qPCR: The expression of indicated pluripotent marker genes as measured by qRT-PCR. The results are normalized to H9 hES cells.



4) Expression of pluripotency markers via Immunocytochemistry: Immunofluorescence staining showed high expression of six pluripotency markers: Oct4 (green), SSEA-4 (red), Nanog (green) and TRA-1-60 (red). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue).



5) Pluripotent differentiation potential was confirmed by immunocytochemical staining of EB-mediated differentiation of iPSC into cells of all three germ layers: TUBBIII (red) was used as marker for ectoderm, SMA (red) as marker for mesoderm and AFP (green) as marker for endoderm.



6) Absence of the N370S mutation in the *GBA* gene: Screening was done by extracting genomic DNA from blood samples using the GenElute™ Blood Genomic DNA Kit (Sigma, NA2020-1KT), PCR reactions were carried out using GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Master Mix (M7423, Promega). Primer sequences were F: TGTGTGCAAGGTCCAGGATCAG, R: ACCACCTAGAGGGGAAAGTG, which do not amplify the *GBA* pseudogene. Sample was sent for sequencing to Microsynth Seqlab.

